

- Summary Methods 1. Statistical analysis of fMRI data is used to locate brain activity and generate **brain activation maps** 2. CB-fMRI activation maps retrieval return activation maps that have similar activation patterns to the given one Introduction • Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) • To study brain response to tasks Non-invasive Detect signal changes in areas of the brain where neuronal activity is varying Brain activation statistical maps show brain activity **Content-based (CB-) fMRI retrieval** \bullet • To manage neuroimaging data sharing • To retrieve studies relevant to a «query» brain activation map Results ROC 0.9 curve 0.8 0.7 the 0.6 Image collection under • 8 experiments: morality, recall, romantic, visual, study, house, recallFree, auditory 0.5 359 subjects in total 0.4 area 10 Probabilistic Independent Component Analysis (PICA) components per subject 0.3 age 0.2 Aver 0.1 Conclusions This poster presents a **novel method** for **fMRI brain activation map retrieval** It is **difficult** to **assess** when a fMRI brain activation map is relevant for a given query, therefore the evaluation method has limitations



- The results are promising but there is a big difference between experiments

Acknowledgments This research was supported in part by the Intramural Research Program of the National Institutes of Health (NIH), National Library of Medicine (NLM), and Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications (LHNCBC).

Content-based fMRI activation maps retrieval

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 Feature extraction • Map layout descriptor • Whole–brain ROI–wise



Similarity comparison Euclidean distance Histogram intersection (HI)







Evaluation

- A retrieved brain map is relevant to a query if they both belong to the same experiment
- Runs combine features and similarity measures

MapLayout_Euclidean MapLayout HI ROI–Wise Euclidean \times ROI–Wise HI